## Physics Entrance Exam

## Part I - Exercises, problems

1.) A 0.2 kg ball of negligible size is attached to the free end of a simple pendulum of length 0.8 m . The pendulum is deflected to a horizontal position and then released without pushing. (Let $g=10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$. Ignore the effects of air resistance. In the time instant in question, when the pendulum is vertical, the motion can be considered uniform circular motion.)
a) What is the speed of the ball in the vertical position of the pendulum?
b) Determine the centripetal acceleration of the ball in the vertical position of the pendulum!
2.) In a cylinder of cross section $1 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$, closed at one end, a tight-fitting piston encloses an air column of length 7 dm . We press the piston inwards until the force we are exerting on the piston reaches 400 N . During the compression, the temperature of the gas does not change. The external air pressure is $10^{5} \mathrm{~Pa}$.
a) What pressure will we exert on the gas?
b) What will be the pressure of the gas then?
c) What will be the volume of the gas?
3.) A car travels at a constant speed of $80 \frac{\mathrm{~km}}{\mathrm{~h}}$ during the first half distance of its route. Its speed is $40 \frac{\mathrm{~km}}{\mathrm{~h}}$ and still constant on the other half distance of its route.
a) Find the average speed of the car regarding on the whole route!
b) What is the average speed if the car covers half time of its full running time at a velocity of $80 \frac{\mathrm{~km}}{\mathrm{~h}}$ and other half time of its full running time at a velocity of $40 \frac{\mathrm{~km}}{\mathrm{~h}}$ ?
4.) A spring is suspended at one end, and an object of mass 2 kg is hung on the other end. As a result, the spring stretches by $10 \mathrm{~cm} .\left(g=10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}\right)$
a) Find the spring constant of the spring!
b) What work is needed to stretch the spring further by 5 cm ?
5.) There is a switch in the circuit shown in the Figure 1. The resistances of the resistors are $10 \Omega$ each and the voltage across the battery is $U=5 \mathrm{~V}$. What is the power at each resistor if switch is
a) closed?
b) open?


Figure 1. Figure to the problem 5.).

## Part II - Multiple choice test.

1.) What is the correct equation?
a) $13600 \frac{\mathrm{~kg}}{\mathrm{~m}^{3}}=1360 \frac{\mathrm{~kg}}{\mathrm{dm}^{3}}$.
b) $13600 \frac{\mathrm{~kg}}{\mathrm{~m}^{3}}=13.6 \frac{\mathrm{~g}}{\mathrm{~cm}^{3}}$.
c) $2.7 \frac{\mathrm{~g}}{\mathrm{~cm}^{3}}=27 \frac{\mathrm{~kg}}{\mathrm{~m}^{3}}$.
d) $1 \frac{\mathrm{~g}}{\mathrm{~cm}^{3}}=1000 \frac{\mathrm{~kg}}{\mathrm{dm}^{3}}$.
2.) There are two light rays. The color of one is blue; the color of the other is red. Which has a longer wavelength?
a) The blue one.
b) The red one.
c) This question cannot be decided from the color.
3.) The resistance of the bulb of a car's parking light is $37.5 \Omega$. The voltage of the car battery is 12 V . What current flows through the bulb when it is on?
a) 0.32 A
b) 3.125 A
c) 4.5 A
4.) Two identical resistors are connected in series to a certain voltage. Then they are connected in parallel to the same voltage. In which case will the total power dissipated by the two resistors be larger?
a) When they are connected in series.
b) When they are connected in parallel.
c) The same power will be dissipated in each case.
5.) If a 50 N force is exerted on a spring, then its elongation is 10 cm . What is the elongation of the spring if it is pulled apart by two forces, both a 100 N at its two ends, one of them points to the right, the other to the left.
a) 10 cm .
b) 20 cm .
c) 40 cm .
6.) How many neutrons are there in a nucleus of the ${ }_{92}^{236} U$ isotope?
a) 144 .
b) 236 .
c) 328 .
7.) Which radiation is electrically neutral?
a) alpha-radiation.
b) beta-radiation.
c) gamma-radiation.
8.) Two railway carriages are traveling in the same direction. They collide, couple together and move on together. Which statement is true about their combined kinetic energy?
a) The total kinetic energy of the coupled carriages is equal to the sum of the kinetic energies they had before the collision.
b) The total kinetic energy of the coupled carriages is greater than the sum of the kinetic energies they had before the collision.
c) The total kinetic energy of the coupled carriages is smaller than the sum of the kinetic energies they had before the collision.
9.) You can see three pots in the Figure 2. Bottom surface areas of all three pots are the same. What is the correct sentence for this situation?
a) Pressures at the bottom surfaces of all three pots are equal to each other.
b) Highest pressure value can be measured at the bottom of pot ' $a$ '.
c) Lowest pressure value can be measured at the bottom of pot ' $c$ '.


Figure 2. Figure to the problem 9.).
10.) You help your friends to move from a studio to another ones in a same building. Two cases are given:
(i) You take and move an object of mass 5 kg from the first floor to the third floor.
(ii) You take and move an object of mass 10 kg from the first floor to the second floor.

In which case is the mechanical work done by you greater?
a) In case of (i).
b) The mechanical works done by you are the same in both cases.
c) In case of (ii).

